

SALT LAKE CITY

Features normally used as checkpoints for controlling VFR traffic are

emphasized on this series of charts so they may be readily identified.

Lambert Conformal Conic Projection Standard Parallels 33° and 45°

VFR TERMINAL AREA CHART

Open dot within hard-surfaced runwa configuration indicates approximate VOR-DME, DME or VORTAC location

 $\diamondsuit$ 

at airports with hard-surfaced runways 1500 ft. or greater. Rotating airport beacon in operation Sunset to Sunrise OBJECTIONABLE - Airport may adversely affect airspace use

AIRPORT TRAFFIC

SERVICE AND AIRSPACE INFORMATION

--- Class E (sfc) Airspace Class E Airspace with floor 700 ft. above surface that Lass G Airspace CLASS G Class G Airspace Class G Airs

2400 MSL Differentiates floors or Class E Airspace greathan 700 ft. above sur

Class E Airspace exists at 1200' AGL unless otherwise designated as shown above.
Class E Airspace low altitude Federal Airways and RNAV 2 Routes are indicated by center lin

132°→ V 69

Total mileage between→ 169

NAVAIDs on direct Airways

T 319 TK 313
(Helicopter Only)

RNAV
Waypoin

\*Alert Area and Military Operations Area (MOA)
\*Alert Areas do not extend into Class A, B, and D airspace, or Class E airport surface

National Defense Airspa
Temporary Flight Restrict
Area
ADIZ - Air Defense
Identification Zone
MODE C
(See FAR 91.215/AIM.)

(See FAR 91.215/AIM.)
National Security Area
Terminal Radar Service
Area (TRSA)
MTR - Military
Training Route
IFR Departure Route

► ► ► ► IFR Arrival Route

ADDITIONAL AIRPORT INFORMATION R Private "(Pvt)" - Non-public use having landmark value

Unverified Abandoned - paved having landmark value, 3000 ft. or greater Selected

SALT LAKE CITY

COMMUNICATION BOXES

RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION

OBSTRUCTIONS (may be lit or unlit)

MISCELLANEOUS

TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

SALT LAKE CITY TAC

EFFECTIVE 0901Z **15 JUN 2023** 

Consult NOTAMs for latest information Consult/Subscribe to FAA Safety Alerts and Charting Notices at: http://www.faa.gov/air\_traffic/flight\_info/aeronav/safety\_alerts/

approved by Department of Defense - Federal Aviation Administration.

FAA Product ID: TSLC

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REPORTING CHART ERRORS—
You are requested to inform us of chart errors and/or additions that come to your attention while using this chart. See frequently asked questions (FAQs) on our

website at http://faa.gov/go/ais/ prior to contacting us via toll free number at 1-800-638-8972 or visit https://www.faa.gov/air\_traffic/flight\_info/aeronav/aero\_data. or mail to: FAA, Aeronautical Information Services,1305 East-West Highway, SSMC 4, Suite 4400, Silver Spring, MD 20910-3281.

TO 0901Z **10 AUG 2023** 

STADIUM Intermittent TFR site (within 3 NM, up to & incl 3000' AGL)

NDB - DME

CONTROL TOWER FREQUENCIES ON SALT LAKE CITY TERMINAL AREA CHART Airports with control towers are indicated on the face of the chart by the letters CT followed by the primary VHF tower frequency(ies). Information for each tower is listed in the table below. Operational hours are local time. The primary VHF and UHF tower and ground Automatic Terminal Information Service (ATIS) frequencies shown on the face of the chart are arrival VHF/UHF frequencies. All ATIS frequencies are listed in the table below. ATIS operational hours may differ from tower operational hours.

ASR and/or PAR indicate Radar Instrument Approach available.

| CONTROL TOWER       | OPERATES                               | TOWER  | GND CON  | ATIS           | ASR/PAR |
|---------------------|--|--|--|----------------|---------|
| HILL AFB            | 0800-2400 MON-FRI<br>0900-1700 SAT-SUN | 127.15 263.15  | 121.6 275.8  | 134.925 397.9  |         |
| OGDEN-HINCKLEY      | 0700-2000                              | 118.7 253.5  | 121.7  | 125.55         |         |
| PROVO MUNI          | 0700-2100                              | 125.3  | 119.4  | 135.175        |         |
| SALT LAKE CITY INTL | CONTINUOUS                             | 118.3 257.8<br>(RWYS 17/35<br>& 14/32)<br>119.05 257.8<br>(RWY 16L/34R)<br>132.65 336.4<br>(RWY 16R/34L) | 121.9 348.6<br>(RWYS 17/35<br>& 14/32)<br>123.775 348.6<br>(RWYS 16R/34L<br>& 16L/34R) | 124.75 125.625 |         |

|             | CLASS B, CLASS C, TRSA  | A, AND SELECTED A                           | PPROACH CONTROL FREQU  | ENCIES         |
|-------------|---|---|--|----------------|
| FACILITY    | FREQUE  | NCIES                                       | SERVICE AVAI   | LABILITY       |
| SALT LAKE C |   | 19.25 (N OF 41° LAT)<br>57.2 (S OF 41° LAT) | CONTINUOUS   |                |
|             | SPECIAL USE AIRSPA  |   | CITY TERMINAL AREA CHA   | RT             |
|             | MSL and in feet. Time is local. "TO" an altitude means "To and FL - Flight Level NO A/G - No air to ground co Contact Flight Service for inform | including." mmunications. ation.            | NOTAM – Use of this term in Restrict<br>Areas indicates FAA and DoD NOTA<br>systems. Use of this term in all<br>other Special Use areas indicates the<br>DoD NOTAM system.  **ALERT. MOA—MILITARY OPERATION AND ADDRESS AND AD | М              |
| NUMBER      | ALTITUDE  | TIME OF USE                                 | CONTROLLING AGENCY/<br>CONTACT FACILITY  | FREQUENCIES    |
| R-6402 A    | TO FL 580   | CONTINUOUS                                  | SALT LAKE CITY CNTR  | 128.55 269.175 |
| R-6402 B    | 100 AGL TO FL 580   | CONTINUOUS                                  | SALT LAKE CITY CNTR  | 128.55 269.175 |
| R-6403      | TO 9000   | 0800-2000 MON-THU                           | NO A/G   |                |
| R-6404 A    | TO FL 580   | CONTINUOUS                                  | SALT LAKE CITY CNTR  | 128.55 269.175 |
| R-6404 B    | TO 13,000   | CONTINUOUS                                  | SALT LAKE CITY CNTR  | 128.55 269.175 |
| R-6404 D    | 13,000 TO FL 250  | BY NOTAM                                    | SALT LAKE CITY CNTR  | 128.55 269.175 |
| R-6406 B    | 100 AGL TO FL 580   | CONTINUOUS                                  | SALT LAKE CITY CNTR  | 128.55 269.175 |

| ١.  | IO FL 580                  | CONTINUOUS                                    | SALI LAKE CITY CNIK                     | 128.55 269.175   |
|-----|----------------------------|---|---|--|
|     | TO 13,000                  | CONTINUOUS                                    | SALT LAKE CITY CNTR                     | 128.55 269.175   |
| ) , | 13,000 TO FL 250           | BY NOTAM                                      | SALT LAKE CITY CNTR                     | 128.55 269.175   |
|     | 100 AGL TO FL 580          | CONTINUOUS                                    | SALT LAKE CITY CNTR                     | 128.55 269.175   |
| , C | TO 9000                    | BY NOTAM                                      | SALT LAKE CITY TRACON                   |  |
| , D | 9000 TO 10,000             | BY NOTAM                                      | SALT LAKE CITY TRACON                   |  |
|     |                            |   |   |  |
|     |                            |   |   |  |
| AME | ALTITUDE*                  | TIME OF USE†                                  | CONTROLLING AGENCY/<br>CONTACT FACILITY | FREQUENCIES  |
| AME | ALTITUDE*  100 AGL TO 9500 | TIME OF USE†  0700-2400 MON-FRI 0800-1700 SAT |   | FREQUENCIES  128.55 269.175 (N) 127.825 284.675 (E) 133.45 317.625 (W) |
| AME |                            | 0700-2400 MON-FRI                             | CONTACT FACILITY                        | 128.55 269.175 (N)<br>127.825 284.675 (E)                              |

REGULATIONS REGARDING FLIGHTS OVER CHARTED NATIONAL PARK SERVICE AREAS, U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE AREAS, BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT AREAS AND U.S. FOREST SERVICE AREAS The landing of aircraft is prohibited on lands or waters administered by the National Park Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Bureau of Land Management or U.S. Forest Service (hereafter referred to as Agency/Agencies) without authorization from the respective agency. Exceptions include: 1) when forced to land due to an emergency beyond the control of the operator, 2) at officially designated landing sites, or 3) on approved official business of the Federal Government All aircraft are requested to maintain a minimum altitude of 2,000 feet above the surface of the following: National Parks, Monuments, Seashores, Lakeshores, Recreation Areas, Scenic Riverways, Wildlife Refuges, Big Game Refuges, Game Ranges, Wildlife Ranges, Conservation Areas, Wild and Scenic Rivers, Wilderness Areas and Primitive Areas administered by the Agencies. FAA Advisory Circular (AC) 91-36, "Visual Flight Rules (VFR) Flight Near Noise-Sensitive Areas," defines the surface as: the highest terrain within 2,000 feet laterally of the route of flight, or the upper-most rim of a caryon or valley. Federal regulations also prohibit airdrops by parachute or other means of persons, cargo, or objects from aircraft on lands administered by the four agencies without authorization from the respective agency. Exceptions include: 1) emergencies involving the safety of human life, or 2) threat of serious property loss.

• • • • • • • Boundary of Agency Areas

THIS CHART CONTAINS MAXIMUM ELEVATION FIGURES (MEF). The Maximum Elevation Figures shown in quadrangles bounded by ticked lines of latitude and longitude are represented in THOUSANDS and HUNDREDS of feet above mean sea level. The MEF is based on

- NORTH AMERICAN AEROSPACE DEFENSE COMMAND (NORAD) PROCEDURES -All aircraft operating in the U.S. national airspace, if capable, will maintain a listening watch on guard frequencies VHF 121.5 or UHF 243.0. It is incumbent upon all aviators to know and understand their responsibilities if intercepted. Review "AIM" section 5-6-13 for intercept procedures. Additionally, if U.S. military fighter jets intercept an aircraft and flares are dispensed in the area of that aircraft, aviators will pay strict attention, contact air traffic control immediately on the local frequency of on VHF guard 121.5 or UHF 243.0 and follow the interceptor visual ICAO signals.

Be advised that non-compliance may result in the use of force.

Class G Airspace within the United States extends up to 14,500 feet MSL. At and above this altitude all airspace is within Class E Airspace, excluding the airspace less than 1500 feet above the terrain and certain special use airspace areas.

CAUTION: Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) may be approved to operate above critical infrastructure including obstacles and linear features such 

Check NOTAMs and see AIM for details.

SALT LAKE CITY

## VFR FLYWAY PLANNING CHART SALT LAKE CITY Scale 1:250,000 NOT TO BE USED FOR NAVIGATION **RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION**

Paved Runways NAME (NAM) NAME (NAM) Unpaved Runways NAME (NAM)

**AIRPORTS** 

**◆ ▶** DLG <u>138.8</u>

VORTAC PPS 121.8 **VOR-DME ♦ KIP 110.7** 

AIRPORT TRAFFIC SERVICE AND AIRSPACE INFORMATION Class B Airspace Class C Airspace (Mode C - see FAR 91.215/AIM.) Class B/C Surface

and Warning Areas \*Alert Area and Military Operations Area (MOA) \*Alert Areas do not extend into Class A, B, C and D airspace, or Class E airport surface areas.

► ► ► ► IFR Departure Routes ► ► ► IFR Arrival Routes IFR Arrival/Departure < > < > <

OBSTRUCTIONS | MISCELLANEOUS (Selected) (may be lit or unlit) **Å** Å <sup>2049</sup>

Reference Point N39° 56.32' W120° 36.91

TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION Mountain Top of Factor and Spot Elevation

DCW 262

NDB-DME

RMW <u>320</u>

PVU CH 21 (108.4)

Examples of Class B Airspace Altitudes

(See FAR 91.215/AIM.)

not including that value.)

Suggested VFR Flyway and Altitude

2600 6700

--- Class D Airspace

---- Class E (sfc) Airspace

--- Ceiling in hundreds of feet MSL

Floor in hundreds of feet MSL

Ceiling of Class D Airspace in hundreds of feet (A minus ceiling value indicates surface up to but

THIS CHART IDENTIFIES VFR FLYWAYS DESIGNED TO HELP VFR PILOTS AVOID MAJOR CONTROLLED TRAFFIC FLOWS. IT DEPICTS MULTIPLE VFR ROUTINGS THROUGHOUT THE SALT LAKE CITY AREA WHICH MAY BE USED AS ALTERNATES TO FLIGHT WITHIN THE ESTABLISHED CLASS B AIRSPACE. ITS GROUND REFERENCES PROVIDE A GUIDE FOR IMPROVED VISUAL NAVIGATION. THIS IS NOT

DESIGNED SOLELY FOR INFORMATION AND PLANNING PURPOSES.

THE ENTIRE SALT LAKE CITY AREA IS HEAVILY CONGESTED WITH MANY DIFFERENT AIRCRAFT TYPES. THESE ROUTE SUGGESTIONS ARE NOT STERILE OF OTHER TRAFFIC; THEY ARE AREAS WE BELIEVE LEAST CONGESTED IN AN AREA OF HEAVY CONGESTION. PILOT ADHERENCE TO VFR RULES MUST BE EXERCISED AT ALL TIMES. COMMUNICATIONS MUST BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN AIRCRAFT AND CONTROL TOWERS WHILE IN CLASS D AIRSPACE.

## **VFR TRANSITION ROUTES**

THIS CHART ALSO IDENTIFIES VFR TRANSITION ROUTES IN THE SALT LAKE CITY CLASS B AIRSPACE. OPERATION ON THESE ROUTES REQUIRES ATC AUTHORIZATION FROM SALT LAKE CITY APPROACH CONTROL. UNTIL AUTHORIZATION IS RECEIVED, REMAIN OUTSIDE CLASS B AIRSPACE. DEPICTION OF THESE ROUTES IS TO ASSIST PILOTS IN POSITIONING THE AIRCRAFT IN AN AREA OUTSIDE THE CLASS B AIRSPACE WHERE ATC CLEARANCE CAN NORMALLY BE EXPECTED WITH MINIMAL OR NO DELAY. ON INITIAL CONTACT, ADVISE ATC OF POSITION, ALTITUDE, ROUTE NAME DESIRED, AND DIRECTION OF FLIGHT. REFER TO CURRENT SALT LAKE CITY VFR TERMINAL AREA CHART FOR USER

## SALT LAKE CITY CLASS B AIRSPACE

- OPERATING RULES AND PILOT/EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS. Regardless of weather conditions, an ATC authorization is required prior to operating within the Class B Airspace. Pilots should not request an authorization to operate within the Class B Airspace unless the requirements of FAR 91.215 and FAR 91.131 are met. Included among those
- 1. Unless otherwise authorized by ATC, an operable two-way radio capable of communicating with ATC on appropriate frequencies for that Class B Airspace. 2. No person may take off or land a civil aircraft at an airport within the Class B Airspace or operate a civil
- aircraft within the Class B Airspace unless: (a) The pilot in command holds at least a Private Pilot certificate, or holds a Recreational Pilot certificate and has met the requirements of FAR 61.101(d); or holds a Sport Pilot certificate and has met the
- (b) The aircraft is operated by a student pilot who has met the requirements of FAR 61.94 or FAR 61.95 as applicable. 3. Unless otherwise authorized by ATC, each person operating a large turbine engine-powered aircraft to or from
- a primary airport shall operate at or above the designated floors while within the lateral limits of the Class B

requirements of FAR 61.325, or:

REQUIREMENTS.

the pilot to violate such rules.

- 4. An operable VOR or TACAN receiver for IFR operations. 5. A transponder with automatic altitude reporting equipment. NOTE: ATC may, upon notification, immediately authorize a deviation from the altitude reporting equipment requirement or for a transponder failure; however, other requests for deviations from the transponder equipment requirement must be submitted to the controlling ATC facility at least one hour before the proposed operation.
- FLIGHT PROCEDURES IFR FLIGHTS - Aircraft operating within the Salt Lake City Class B Airspace must be operated in accordance with
- ATC clearances and instructions. VFR FLIGHTS -1. Arriving aircraft should contact the appropriate approach control on specified frequencies and in relation to
- geographic fixes shown on the accompanying chart. Although arriving aircraft may be operating beneath the floor of the Class B Airspace on initial contact, communications should be established with approach control in relation to the points indicated for sequencing and spacing purposes. 2. Aircraft departing the primary airports are requested to advise clearance delivery prior to taxiing of their intended altitude and direction of flight to depart the Class B Airspace. Aircraft departing from other than the
- primary airports whose route of flight would penetrate the Class B Airspace should give this information to ATC on the appropriate frequencies 3. Aircraft desiring to transit the Class B Airspace must obtain an ATC clearance to enter the Class B Airspace and will be handled on an ATC workload permitting basis.
- ATC PROCEDURES All aircraft will be controlled and separated while operating within the Class B Airspace, except helicopters need not be separated from other helicopters. Although radar separation will be the primary standard used, approved visual and other nonradar procedures will be applied as required or deemed appropriate. Traffic information on observed but unidentified radar targets will be provided on a workload permitting basis to aircraft operating outside the Class B

visual flight rules is expected to advise ATC if compliance with an assigned route, radar heading, or altitude will cause

NOTE: Assignment of radar headings and/or altitudes is based on the provision that a pilot operating in accordance with

